





# JCM Project Development Study for Realization of Carbon Neutral in Ubon Ratchathani Province under City-City Cooperation

Among Ubon Ratchathani Province, Warin Chamrap Town Municipality & City of Kitakyushu

Workshop

February 20, 2024

**EX Research Institute** 

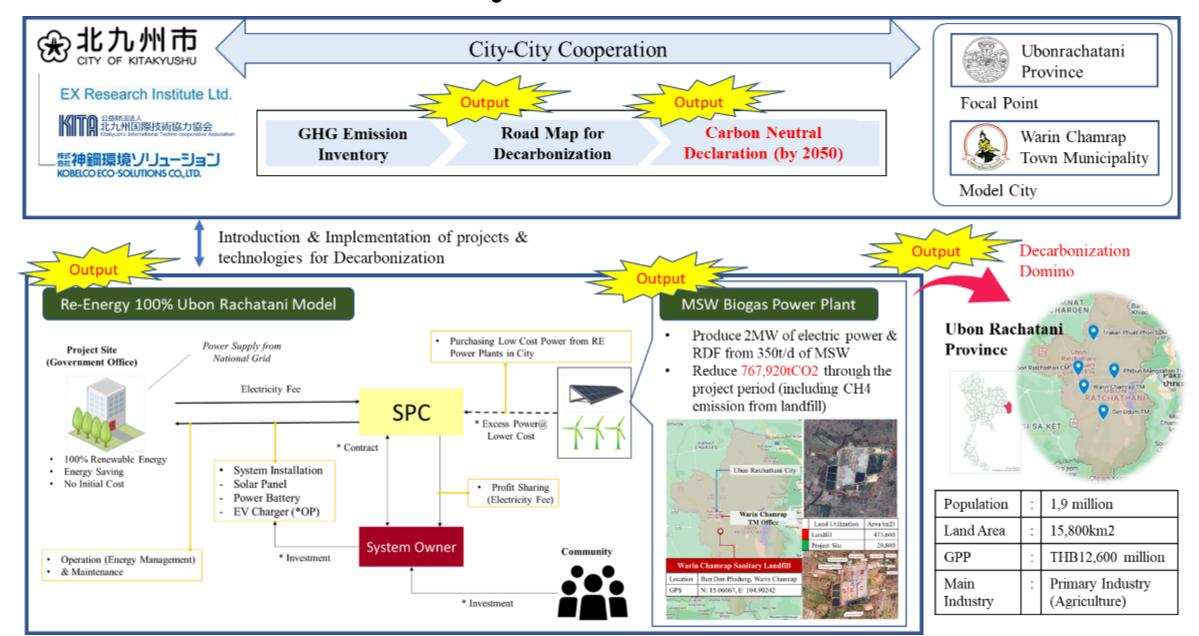
## Content

- 1. Outline of the Study
- 2. Background
- 3. Activities & Achievement in 2023
- 4. Activities under planning in 2024

# 1. Outline of the Study

Project Name	JCM Project Development Study for Realization of Carbon Neutral in Ubon Ratchathani Province, Thailand
Goal	To realize Carbon Neutral by 2050 in Ubon Ratchathani province
Objective	To reduce GHG emission in Ubon Ratchathani province
Output (by 2026)	<ol> <li>To develop a road map for carbon neutral for the province</li> <li>To develop projects / system to reduce GHG emission in the province</li> </ol>
Activities (for 2023)	<ol> <li>To review "Output from the Project on Development of GHG emission reduction guideline at province level for Ubon Ratchathani province" (Methodology, Sources of GHG emission, Active Mass, Future prospect &amp; mitigation plan) and build basic consensus as for direction on mitigation</li> <li>Case Study for Project Development focusing on MSW management in Warin Chamrap municipality (Waste Analysis &amp; etc.)</li> <li>Other Projects finding in the Province</li> <li>Knowledge Sharing as for cases in Japan &amp; discussion) for mitigation &amp; to make Project known among the relevant parties in the province (Workshop) &amp; expanding activities to other areas in the project</li> </ol>
Japanese Team	<ol> <li>City of Kitakyushu</li> <li>Kitakyushu International Techno-Cooperation Association (KITA)</li> <li>KOBELCO Environmental Solution Co., Ltd.</li> <li>EX Research Institute / EXRI ASIA</li> </ol>
Duration	November 2, 2023 – March 8, 2024 (as per contract with MOEJ)

# 1. Outline of the Study



2-1. Introduction of City of Kitakyushu





Source: Presentation of City of Kitakyushu

#### Grand Design towards the Creation of a "World Capital of Sustainable" Development" completed in 2004

COMMITMENT OF THE RESIDENTS OF KITAKYUSHU TO ALL PEOPLE, THE EARTH AND FUTURE GENERATIONS, born after many discussions by citizen, NPOs, businesses, and administrations etc



# **Basic Philosophy**

Creation of a city with true wealth and prosperity, inherited by future generations

Living together, creating together

sustainability of the city **Environmental** 

Enhancing

Social

Developing economically through a healthy environment

**Economic** 

Period for development: 2 years Citizen's opinion: more than 1,000 Holding of Citizens Forum: 2 times

Examination meeting (34 members): General meeting 4 times, sectional meeting 10 times



incorporating the SDGs



SDGs Future City Initiative by Gov. of Japan (Jun. 2018)







**SDGs Pilot Model City** for territorial approach by **OECD** (Apr. 2018)

(Nov. 2017)

2-2. City-City Cooperation between Ubon Ratchatani Province, Warin Chamrap Municipality & City of Kitakyushu

#### August 2019

Kitakyushu City and the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) have agreed to cooperation to reduce marine debris.









#### October 2019

#### **Mun River Joint Clean Up**

At Jaeramair City, Ubon Ratchathani Province







Clean Up

Garbage washed ashore on tree



Analysis of collected garbage



## Waste management support in Ubon Ratchathani Province

#### Challenges in the Province

- 1. Organic Waste (Warin Chamrap City Landfill Site)
- 2. Plastic Waste (Warin Chamrap City Landfill Site)
- 3. E-waste (Waste PU from Refrigerator)



Dismantling the refrigerator

Waste PUF



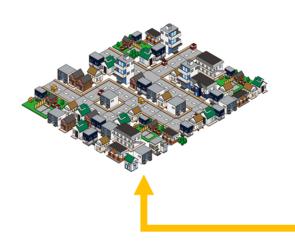
Landfill@Warin Chamrap TM

#### Activities in 2023

- 1. Knowledge Sharing
- Study Tour to Kitakyushu, Japan
- **Questionnaire Survey** 
  - Waste Management at Waste Generation Sources (with UBRU)
  - Utilization & needs for Compost (with UBRU & Yan Ki Nok SDM)
- 3. Experiment of Pyrolysis of Waste PU from Refrigerator

#### 2-3. City – City Cooperation

City – City Collaboration / Cooperation / Partnership is a concept that Cities from developed countries assist cities from under Developing Countries, or even Middle-Income Countries in Urban Development by transferring their knowledge & experience And technologies depending on agreement by both parties.



City is growing up

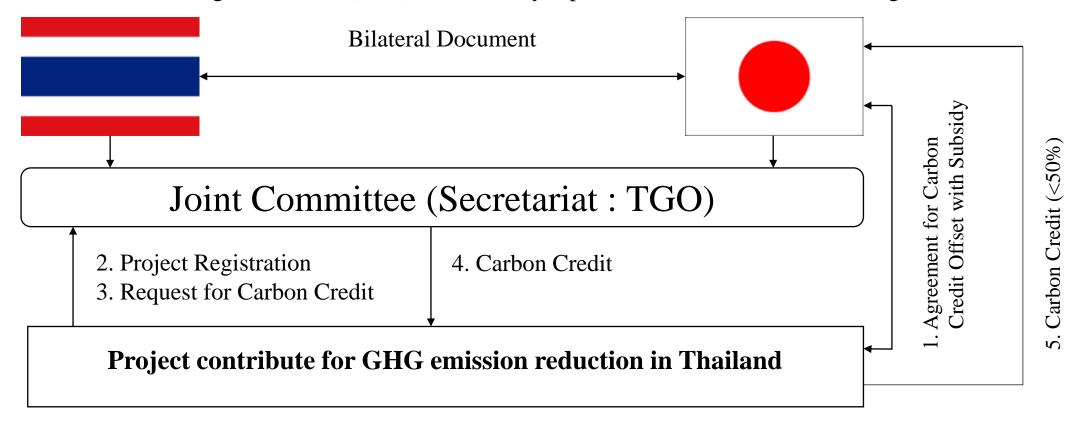
- = Start facing many issues & challenges
- Municipal Solid Waste
- Sewage
- Traffic
- Pollution & etc.



#### **Support as Mentor City**

- **Japanese Local Administrative Organization** will support Cities from Overseas by Development of Project in line with concept **of Low Carbon Society** under Joint Crediting Mechanism.
- Ministry of the Environment, Japan supports for the JCM Project Development Study under City City Collaboration

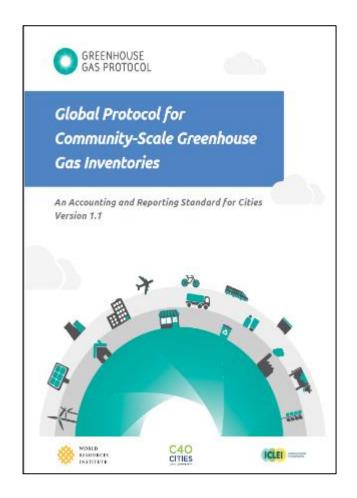
2-4. Joint Crediting Mechanism (JCM) – initiated by Japan & Partner Countries including Thailand



#### JCM Subsidy (Grant)

- not exceeding **50 percent** of the project cost (facilities & equipment contribute for GHG emission reduction)
- not exceeding JPY2,000 million (equivalent to THB480 million)
- The Government of Japan will pay as per milestone agreed (in advance of carbon credit transfer)

3-1-1. GHG emission reduction guideline at province level for Ubon Ratchathani province



Global Protocol for Community-Scale Greenhouse Gas Inventories (GPC)

	G. A.			2019		
	Sector	Scope 1	Scope 2	Scope 3	BASIC	BASIC+
Stationary	All type of Fuel	216,077	838,547		1,054,624	1,054,624
Energy	Grid supply power (Fossil Fuel)					
Transport	All type of Fuel	850,439		74,676	850,439	925,115
Waste	MSW(Landfill)	156,603			156,603	156,603
	MSW(RDF)	-			-	-
	MSW (Incineration)	783			783	783
	Wastewater	227,113			227,113	227,113
	MSW(outside of area)	165,458				
IPPU	All					
AFOLU	Livestock	509,395				509,395
	Land Use	(3,933,577)				(3,933,577)
	Open Burning	356,841				356,841
	Rice Cultivation	2,420,110				2,420,110
	Total	969,242	838,547	74,676	2,289,562	1,717,007

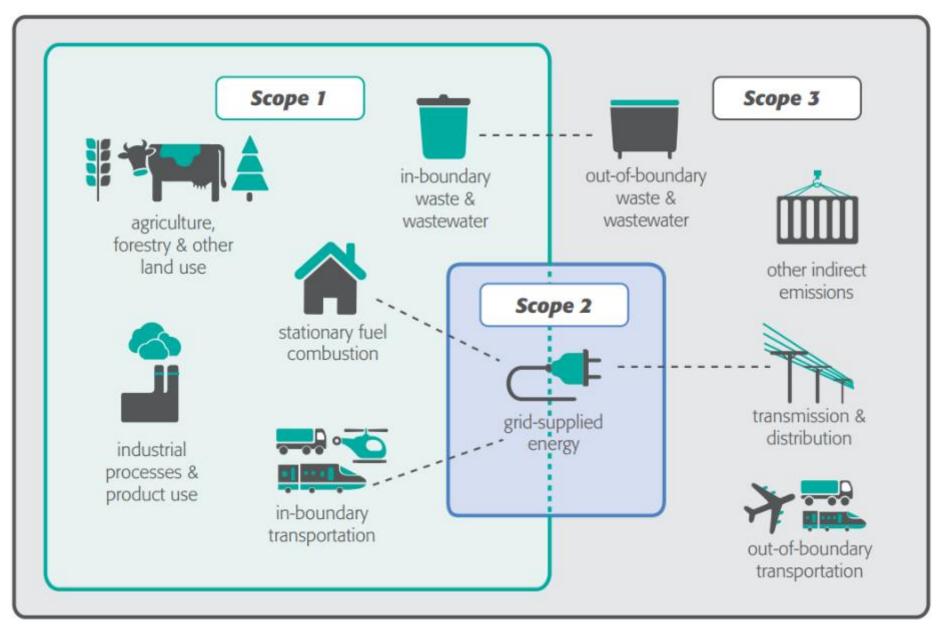
Mandatory release sources for BASIC reporting

+ Mandatory release sources for BASIC+ reporting

Additional Emission Sources from Scope 1 (Cities Only)

Unable to determine the amount of release

#### - Supplementary Explanation -



Source: Global Protocol for Community-Scale Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventories

3-1-2. Mitigation Actions under planning in Ubon Ratchathani province

	Sector	2030 (1	BAU)	Mitigation Activities			Amount of GH	IG emission
		tCO2/	/year	Project Name	GHG em	ission		
		BASIC	BASIC+	, and the second	BASIC	BASIC+	BASIC	BASIC+
Stationary	All type of Fuel	1,365,093	1,365,093				1,208,958	1,208,958
Energy	(exclude Fossil Fuel based			Energy Efficiency (EE)				
	Grid Supply Power)			Switch Street Light into LED	5,329	5,329		
				Energy Saving in commercial, institutial & industrial activities	115,461	115,461		
				Energy Saving in Agricultural Activities	24,697	24,697		
				Alternative Energy (AE)				
				PV for commercial, institutional & indutrial activities	4,518	4,518		
				PV for Agricultural activities	6,130	6,130		
Transport	All	1,067,878	1,067,878				575,314	575,314
				Transport Management (TM)				
				Car Free Day	4,442	4,442		
				EV Bike for Delivery Service	4,017	4,017		
			•••••	Promotion on switching to EV	13,170	13,170		
				Promotion on Bio-Diesel utilization	466,328	466,328		
				Promotion on Bio-Ethanol utilization	4,607	4,607		
Waste	MSW	10,278	10,278		1,001	1,001	0	0
vvaste	THE THE	10,270	10,270	Waste Management (WM)				
				MSW reduction at waste generation source	198,807	198,807		
		3,498	3,498		2,366	2,366	1,132	1,132
	Wastewater	1,014,123	1,014,123				957,484	957,484
		······································		To increase amount of wastewater treated by facility	56,639	56,639		
AFOLU	Livestock		854,780					854,780
111 0110	Land Use		-3,706,130					-4,097,335
				   Forest Management & Green Space (FOR)				
				Sustainable Afforestration		-319,147		
				Reforestration & to reduce deforestration		-11,125		
				To increase green space in public area		-60,933		
	Open Burning		2,320,874	To nicrease green space in public area		-00,733		1,680,780
	Open Dunning		2,320,674	Agriculture (AGR)				1,000,700
				Reduction of Open Burning		640,094		
	Rice Cultivation		2,419,538	1 Country of Open Burning		570,077		1,994,125
	Tues Cultivation		2,117,550	Proper utilization of Fretilizer		425,413		1,771,120
	Total	3,457,372	5,346,434		906,511	2,363,223	2,742,888	3,175,238

3-1-1. GHG emission reduction guideline at province level for Ubon Ratchathani province

		20	19			2030(BA	(U)					2030(7	Target)		
Sector				Amount(tCO2)			Change		Amount(tCO2)		Change				
				Amoun	i(iCO2)	Amount	t(tCO2)	%		Amount(tCO2)		2019		BAU	
		BASIC	BASIC+	BASIC	BASIC+	BASIC	BASIC+	BASIC	BASIC+	BASIC	BASIC+	BASIC	BASIC+	BASIC	BASIC+
<b>Stationary Energy</b>	All type of Fuel	1,054,624	1,054,624	1,365,093	1,365,093	310,469	310,469	29.4%	29.4%	1,208,958	1,208,958	14.6%	14.6%	-11.4%	-11.4%
	Grid supply power (Fossil Fuel)				-	-					-				
	Total	1,054,624	1,054,624	1,365,093	1,365,093	310,469	310,469			1,208,958	1,208,958	14.6%	14.6%	-11.4%	-11.4%
Transport	Transport	850,439	925,115	1,067,878	1,067,878	217,439	142,763	25.6%	15.4%	575,314	575,314	-32.4%	-37.8%	-46.1%	-46.1%
Waste	MSW(Landfill)	156,603	156,603	6,780	6,780	-149,823	-149,823	-95.7%	-95.7%	0	0	-100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%
	MSW(RDF)	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-
	MSW (Incineration)	783	783	3,498	3,498	2,715	2,715	346.7%	346.7%	1,132	1,132	44.6%	44.6%	-67.6%	-67.6%
	Wastewater	227,113	227,113	1,014,123	1,014,123	787,010	787,010	346.5%	346.5%	957,484	957,484	321.6%	321.6%	-5.6%	-5.6%
	MSW(outside of area)					-	-								
	Total	384,499	384,499	1,024,401	1,024,401	639,902	639,902	166.4%	166.4%	958,616	958,616	149.3%	149.3%	-6.4%	-6.4%
IPPU	All					_	_								
AFOLU	Livestock		509,395		854,780	-	345,385		67.8%		854,780		67.8%		0.0%
	Land Use		-3,933,577		-3,706,130	-	227,447		5.8%		-4,097,335		-4.2%		-10.6%
	Open Burning		356,841		2,320,874	-	1,964,033		550.4%		1,680,780		371.0%		-27.6%
	Rice Cultivation		2,420,110		2,419,538	-	-572		-0.02%		1,994,125		-17.6%		-17.6%
	Total		-647,231		1,889,062		2,536,293				432,350		-166.8%		-77.1%
<u> </u>	Total	2,289,562	1,717,007	3,457,372	5,346,434	1,167,810	3,629,427	51.0%	211.4%	2,742,888	3,175,238	19.8%	84.9%	-20.7%	-40.6%

#### 3-1-3. GHG emission sources in Ubon Ratchathani province

#### **Objectives**

- to understand situation & climate change related sites in the province
- to consider possible mitigation actions for the province

#### Places visited

#### Stationary Energy

- Commercial, Institutional Building & Facilities
- Renewable Energy Project Sites
- Smart Community (Energy)

#### Transport

- Airport, Bus Station & EV Charging Station, Railway Starion

#### Waste

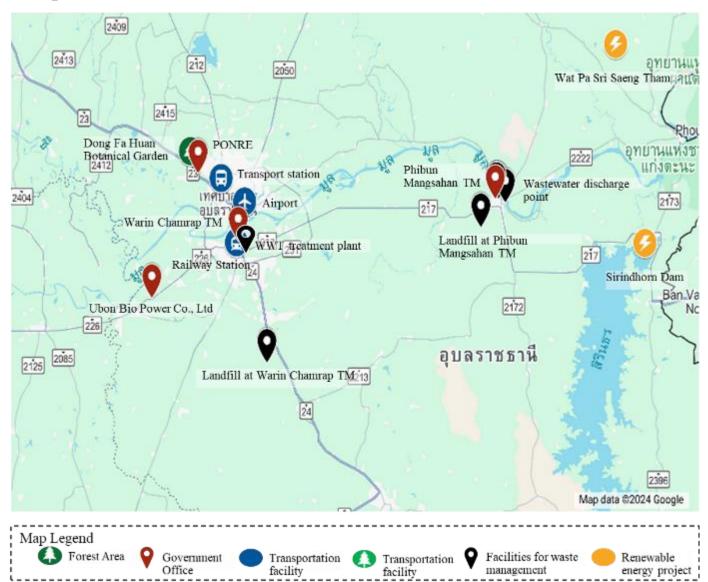
- Landfills (Warin Chamrap & Phibun Mangsahan)
- Wastewater related sites (ditto)

#### AFOLU

- Botanical Garden
- Rice Cultivation Field



Further Discussion on Mitigation Actions for Carbon Neutral



3-1-4. Interview with relevant parties in the Province

#### Dept. of Energy, Ubon Ratchatani Province

- Energy Efficiency
- Energy Saving
- On-Site PPA (for household)



#### **Dept. of Agriculture Extension**

- Introduction of alternative method for rice field burning
- Introduction of alternative rice cultivation method



#### Federation of Thai Industry, Ubon Ratchathani

- Afforestation in unused Private Land
- Biogas Project (by a member of FTI)
- New Eco-Friendly & Low Carbon Award in Lent candle contest in the Province



#### Wat Pra Sri Seang Tham

- Zero Carbon School /Community by Solar System
- Solar System installation at hospitals in the province
- Unformal education as for solar system to community members



3-2-1. Case Study for Project Development focusing on MSW management in Warin Chamrap municipality

Date	2023/11/25 (Sat) – 2023/12/01 (Fri) (7 consecutive days)	Sampling Time	8.00 ~ 14.00 (6 hours+)							
Project Owner	City-City Cooperation among Warin Chamrap TM, Province Ratchathani Province & City of Kitakyushu	City-City Cooperation among Warin Chamrap TM, Provincial Office of Natural Resources & Environment in Ubon Latchathani Province & City of Kitakyushu								
Implementation	EX Research Institute (EXRI ASIA) & Ubon Ratchathani I	K Research Institute (EXRI ASIA) & Ubon Ratchathani Rajabhat University								
Process & Items	Process	Items analyzed (No. o	of Sample/day)							
to be analyzed	Planning  Pre-Meeting (11.24)  On-Site Meeting (11.24)  Analysis (Laboratory)	3. Proximate Analys	on (Wet & Dry) (3) is (Moisture, Ash, Combustible) (1) s (C, H. N. O + S) (1)							

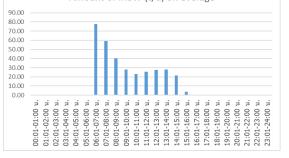


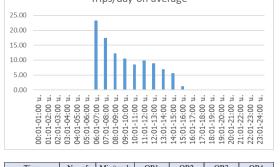




3-2-2. Waste Sampling & Analysis in Landfill of Warin Chamrap municipality

# Data Collection ~ Site Meeting Data shared by Warin Chamrap TM Amount of MSW (t/d) on average Trips/day on average 25.00 Trips/day on average





Time	Amount	Amount (t/min)	OP1	OP2	OP3	OP4
06:01-07:00 น.	77.62	1.29				
07:01-08:00 u.	59.13	0.99				
08:01-09:00 u.	40.15	0.67				
09:01-10:00 u.	28.04	0.47				
10:01-11:00 u.	23.25	0.39				
11:01-12:00 u.	25.59	0.43				
12:01-13:00 u.	27.37	0.46				
13:01-14:00 u.	27.88	0.46				
14:01-15:00 u.	21.36	0.36	252.78	193.64	231.41	172.28
			75.5%	57.8%	69.1%	51.5%

Time	No. of	Min/truck	OP1	OP2	OP3	OP4
	Truck					
06:01-07:00 <b>u</b> .	23.24	2.58				
07:01-08:00 u.	17.36	3.46				
08:01-09:00 น.	12.28	4.89				
09:01-10:00 u.	10.56	5.68				
10:01-11:00 u.	8.48	7.08				
11:01-12:00 u.	9.79	6.13				
12:01-13:00 u.	8.97	6.69				
13:01-14:00 u.	6.89	8.71				
14:01-15:00 u.	5.61	10.70	53.33	49.87	42.63	42.63
			51.0%	47.7%	40.8%	40.8%

#### **Pre-Meeting & On-Site Meeting among parties**





Finalized 08:00-14:00 as sampling hours

#### Sampling $\sim$ On-Site Analysis

#### Sampling on site

- Recording of Base Data (Time, Car No. Sample No. with weight)
- Pictures (Transporter, Waste & Waste Sample collected)



#### **Sample preparation (Primary Sample)**

- Picked up samples collected through sampling on site randomly (upto 400kg)
- Quartering for Primary Sample (<200kg)



#### On Site Analysis & Sample Preparation (Secondary Sample)

Item	Q'ty	Methodology
Specific Gravity	3/day	As per Notification No. 95 of MOEJ
Composition (WET Basis)	3/day	Foods, Papers/ Cardboard, Textiles, Grasses/ Woods, Plastics, Rubbers/ Leathers, Metals, Bottles/Stone & Others

• Secondary Sample (5kg) preparation as per proportion of the Primary Sample

#### 3-2-3. Result of On-site Waste Analysis

#### 1) General Information

Sampling Date & : 08:00-14:00, Nov 25 (Sat) – Dec 01 (Fri), 2023

Time

Operation & Sampling Works

Description	Operation	Sampling	%
Amount of MSW	2,078.16 ton	2,550.20kg	ı
No. of Trip (total)	734	362	49.3%
No. of Trip (core time)	392	362	92.3%



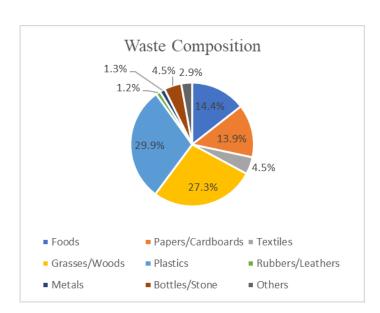
#### 2) Findings from On-Site Analysis

#### Specific Gravity

Date	Average	Max	Min	Median
11-25	0.09	0.10	0.07	
11-26	0.10	0.10	0.10	
11-27	0.13	0.14	0.12	
11-28	0.10	0.12	0.09	
11-29	0.10	0.11	0.10	
11-30	0.12	0.12	0.11	
12-01	0.10	0.11	0.09	
	0.11	0.14	0.07	0.10

#### Waste Composition (WET)

		WET	basis	
	Averag	ge(%)	Max	Min
	Actual	Adjust	(%)	(%)
Foods	10.34	14.4	31.64	11.9
Papers/Cardboards	9.95	13.9	20.02	13.2
Textiles	3.23	4.5	13.28	2.6
Grasses/Woods	19.56	27.3	43.55	16.9
Plastics	21.41	29.9	47.53	18.4
Rubbers/Leathers	0.85	1.2	4.43	0.1
Metals	0.97	1.3	3.04	0.5
Bottles/Stone	3.23	4.5	7.89	2.2
Others	2.04	2.9	10.75	0.0
Total	71.58	100.0		



#### 3-2-4 Result of Laboratory Waste Analysis

1) Waste Composition (Wet & Dry) and Moisture Content

Wests True		Proportion		Moisture Content			
Waste Type	Average	Max	Min	Average	Max	Min	
Waste Composition (wet)							
Foods	12.5%	27.0%	6.7%	44.6%	58.1%	30.3%	
Papers/Cardboards	11.2%	17.9%	7.7%	29.3%	48.7%	10.3%	
Textiles	9.1%	14.7%	2.9%	22.8%	38.6%	7.7%	
Grasses/Woods	15.7%	38.1%	4.3%	51.3%	64.6%	17.4%	
Plastics	16.5%	25.3%	12.6%	15.3%	23.1%	5.6%	
Rubbers/Leathers	4.2%	9.0%	0.9%	5.9%	41.2%	1.1%	
Metals	4.1%	7.8%	1.3%	3.2%	8.8%	1.2%	
Bottles/Stone	16.3%	33.6%	4.2%	1.4%	2.9%	0.2%	
Others	10.4%	19.2%	5.0%	29.5%	64.7%	6.7%	
Total				26.2%	40.2%	19.3%	
Waste Composition (dry)							
Foods	9.5%	21.0%	3.6%				
Papers/Cardboards	11.4%	22.9%	6.3%				
Textiles	9.2%	13.7%	3.9%				
Grasses/Woods	10.4%	22.6%	4.4%				
Plastics	18.7%	25.1%	12.8%				
Rubbers/Leathers	5.0%	11.1%	1.1%				
Metals	5.2%	9.8%	2.2%				
Bottles/Stone	20.9%	41.2%	6.9%				
Others	9.7%	18.7%	2.2%				

#### 2) Three Elements

Element	Average	Max	Min
Moisture (total)	26.0%	41.1%	20.2%
Ash	50.4%	60.1%	38.3%
Combustible	23.5%	36.7%	17.0%

#### 3) Chemical Analysis

	С	Н	N	S	О	Ash
Average	11.77	2.26	0.23	0.37	17.92	67.44
Max	29.63	4.48	0.41	0.45	23.43	77.17
Min	4.44	0.77	0.12	0.30	8.23	51.60

#### 4) CoD

	Average	Max	Min
CoD (ppm)	1,397.26	1,691.69	1,079.17

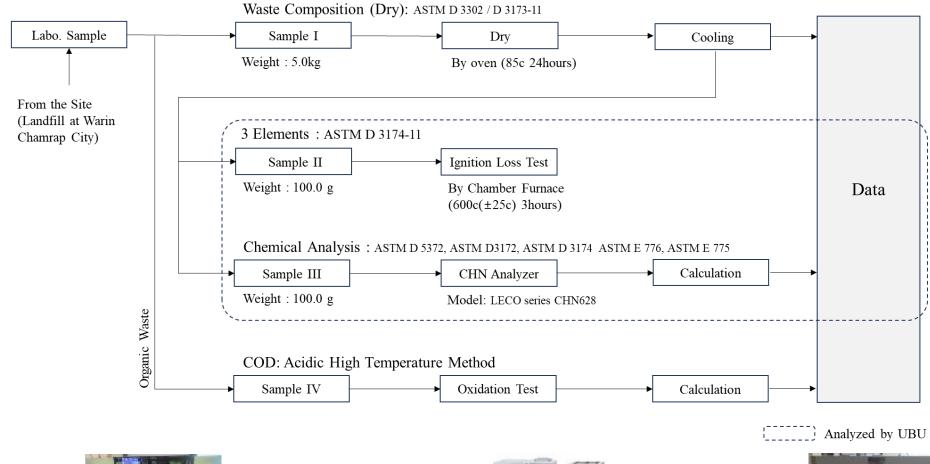


UBRU Laboratory



UBU Laboratory

#### 3-2-5 Laboratory Process Flow





Appearance of Sample II





Appearance of Sample IV



**Hot Air Oven**Memmert; Germany

Models: 30-1060



**CHN Analyzer** LECO; USA

Model: CHN628



Chamber Furnace CARBORITE; United Vingdom (UV)

Kingdom (UK) Model: CWF 1200

On-Site Mr. Wattanachai Malai Laboratory Ms. Yupaporn Amnat Approved by Prof. Dr. Nanthaporn Sutthiphapa

3-3-1. Other Projects finding in the Province

#### Issues finding from the survey

#### **Currently Situation**

- There are only **2 sites** of wastewater treatment plant in the province
- A combined treatment capacity of approximately 40,000 m3/d.
- Almost all LAOs don't have a plan for developing wastewater treatment facility.



**Up to 227,113 tCO2eq in Total emitted from Wastewater Treatment Activities in the province** 









Developing and increasing the efficiency of wastewater treatment system in Ubon Ratchathani Province to reduce GHGs emission in waste sector

3-4. Public Relation & Knowledge Sharing

# (1) Introduction of Activities for Carbon Neutral the case of City of Kitakyushu

By Mr. Mitsuyoshi Hamada, City of Kitakyushu.



**Time:** 11.00-12.00 (TST)

#### **Outline**

Activities & Models for decarbonization

(2) Our Technology & Our Activities in the Mekong region By Mr. Shinichi Yamaguchi, KOBELCO ECO-SOLUTION Co., Ltd.



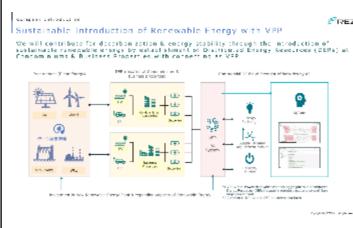
**Time:** 13.00-13.50 (TST)

#### **Outline**

Technologies applicable for MSW Management & wastewater treatment

#### (3) We make Decarbonization Effortless

By Mr. Hiroki Ueno, Rezil inc



**Time:** 13.50-14.40 (TST)

#### **Outline**

Virtual Power Plant in Japan

#### (4) Possible Countermeasure against Forest Fire

By Mr. Takayoshi Kawahara, Shabondama Soap Co., Ltd



**<u>Time:</u>** 14.50-15.40 (TST)

#### **Outline**

Concept of fire forest management & Countermeasure Method

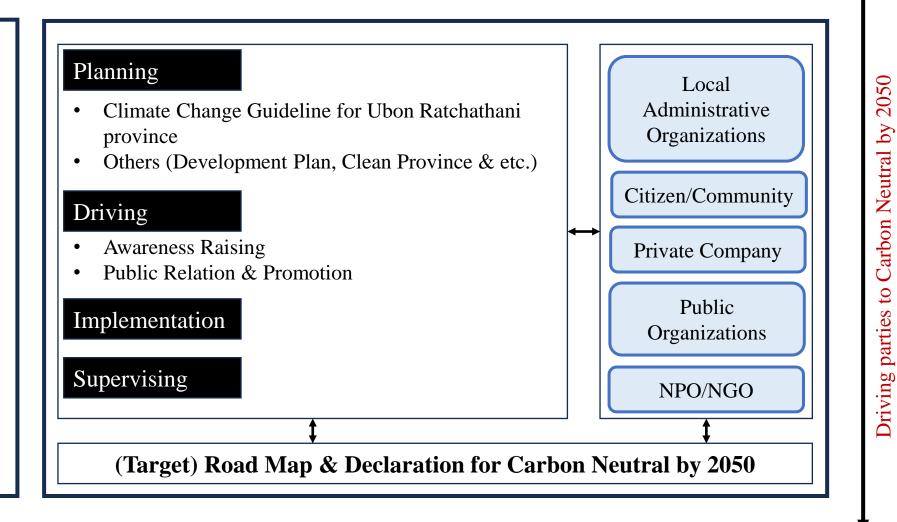


# City of Kitakyushu

## Ubon Ratchatani Provincial Office

#### **Activities under planning**

- To update value for quantification of GHG emission
- To ensure implementation of the existing mitigation actions
- To find more mitigation actions in the province
- To find potential investor(s), technical provider(s) & financial sources(s) for mitigation actions in the province
- To raise more awareness and involve more parties in mitigation actions



(Goal) Carbon Neutral by 2050

# Thank you for your attention